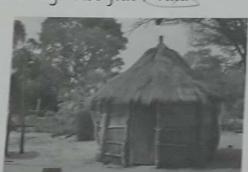
## Unit **Homes**

### Lesson 1 Different homes

1 Vocabulary Circle the correct words.



1 high-rise flat (villa



3 bungalow / hut



2 bungalow / high-rise flat

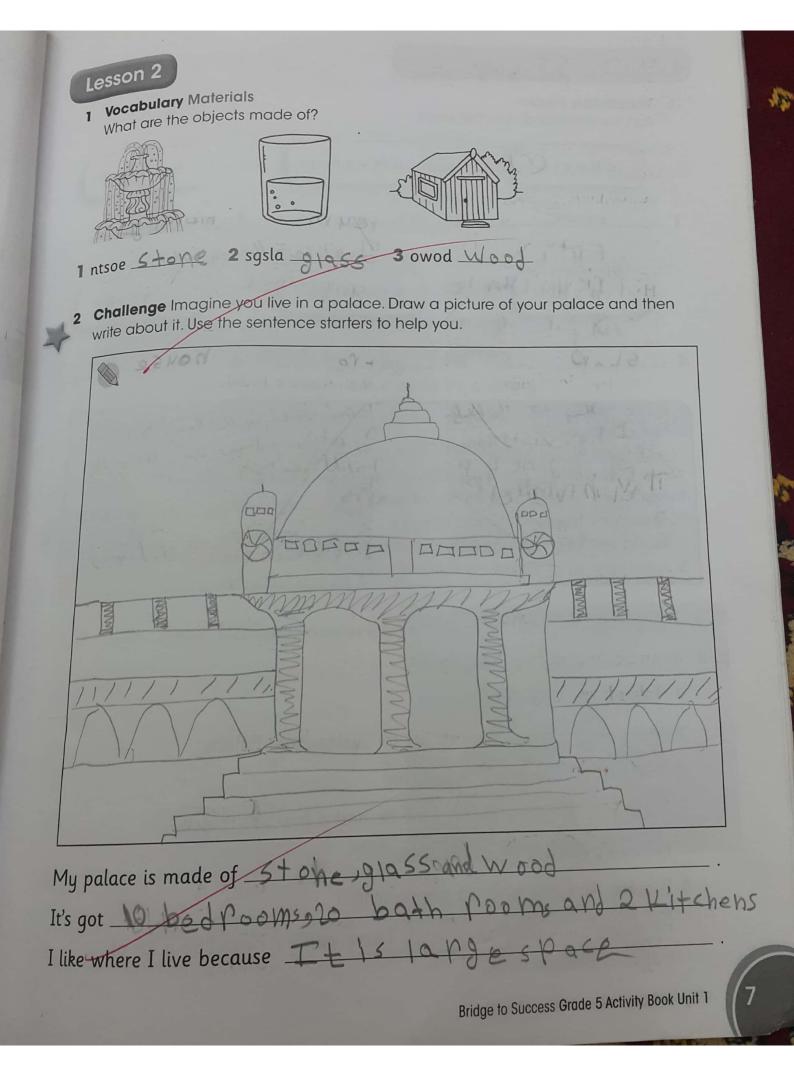


4 palace / eco-house

- 2 2 Listen Where does Talya live? What kind of house does she live in?
- 2 3 Listen again and circle the correct answers.
  - 1 Talya lives ....
    - a near the port b in a big city
- c in the old town

- 2 ... people live in Istanbul.
  - a 10 thousand b 10 million
- c 100 million
- 3 Her grandparents live in a(n) ... house.
  - a brick
- b wooden
- c eco-house
- 4 Her friend's house is ... and comfortable.
  - a old

- b energy-efficient
- c modern



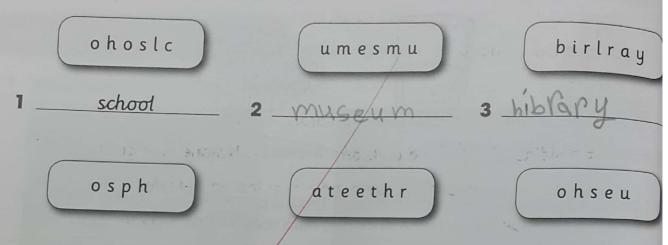
### Lesson 3 Strange buildings

22-4-2016

6 house

1 Vocabulary Places

Sort the letters and write the words.



### Use of English

Modal verbs of probability

We use modal verbs of probability when we think about possible situations in the present.

It can't be a house. (I'm certain it's not true.)

It could be a museum. (Perhaps it's true.)

It might not be a shopping centre. (Perhaps it's not true.)

It must be a petrol station. (I'm certain it's true.)

- 2 Use of English Circle the correct modal verbs for the best answers.
  - 1 Anna lives in a big house.

She might I can't be rich.

2 Mary doesn't know how to get to Buckingham Palace.

She can't / must live in London.

3 Peter isn't at home. He told me he had a football match.

He can't / must be at the park.

4 It takes Alex one hour to get to school.

He doesn't live far from school. There can't could be a lot of traffic in the morning.

- 3 Complete the sentences with the correct modal verb.
  - 1 I'm certain that Alice lives in this villa.
    I can see her cat.

Alice <u>must</u> live in this villa – that's her cat.

- 2 Perhaps the school is at the end of this road.

  The school be at the end of this road.
- 3 I'm certain that the building isn't a library any more.

  That building \_\_\_\_\_ be a library any more. No-one ever goes in.
- 4 Perhaps it's a theatre. I can see people queuing up outside.

  It must be a theatre. I can see people queuing up outside.
- 5 Perhaps it's not a museum, but it could be a library.

  It could be a library.

### Lesson 4

1 Word study Complete the description of the building. Use the words in the box to help you.

This building looks like a great big

1 pyramid. I think it might be a

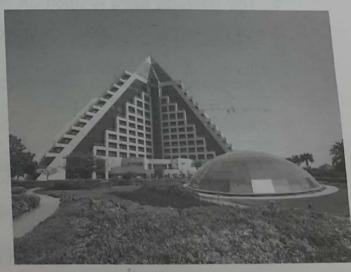
2 shopping centre. It was
opened in 3 2001 and has over

4 300 shops. There is an ancient

5 soyk underground and
there is a beautiful stained

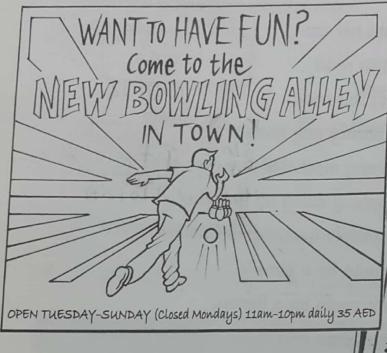
6 gloss window which is the

7 loos of its kind.



largest shopping centre glass 300 souk pyramid 2001

### Lesson 5 Out and about





- Read the advertisements.

  Then write true (T) or false (F) in the boxes.

  Correct the false sentences.
  - 1 The bowling alley is open on Monday. <u>It is closed on Monday.</u>
  - 2 Bowling costs 15 AED.
- 3 The football training takes place at the sports centre.
- 4 Habib's football class is on Saturday morning.
- **5** The football class finishes at 1pm.
- 6 Habib Al Fardan is not from this town.
- 7 The bowling alley hasn't been open for long.
- 8 Bowling is open for 12 hours a day.

Bridge to Success Grade 5 Activity Book Unit 1

+

F

F

A CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF TH
Lesson 6 My learning
1 Can you remember? Write the names of five types of housing.  1 Villa  2 eco-house  4 high-rise float  5 bungalw
2 What words and expressions describe an eco-house?
1 large windows 2 salar Panels 3 roofganden
3 What materials can you use to build a house?
1 wood 2 stone 3 glass
4 What can you see in the picture above? Use modal verbs.  1 I can see well was should be made of glass 2 it might be an eco-house 4 The eco-housemight be empty
5 Work with a partner. Tell them about your dream home. Be specific. Take turns and ask them about their dream home.
Look what I can do!
• I can express an opinion about different types of home.
• I can explain what an eco-house is.
• I can identify the materials used to build a house.
• I can talk about strange buildings.
• I can read, understand and talk about an eco-city.
Bridge to Success Grade 5 Activity Book Unit 1

#### **Lesson 7** Famous places

1 Read and match the headings below with the paragraphs (A-C).

#### Historical facts Location Travel information

A Location

The Pyramids are in the north-east of Egypt in the (1) old city of Giza. They are near the River Nile in the desert. There are more than 90 pyramids in Egypt! B Historical

The Pyramids in Giza were built between 2630 BCE and 1530 BCE. They are the tombs of Egyptian kings and queens. When a ruler died, his or her body was wrapped as a mummy. Their tombs were filled with (2) nice jewels and other treasures and the walls were painted with nice pictures of the ruler's life. The (3) big Sphinx stands in front of the Pyramids in Giza. It has the body of a lion and the head of a pharaoh (an Egyptian King). It guards the Pyramids!

The Pyramids are (4) <u>lovely</u> and well worth the visit! You can travel to the Pyramids by car, coach or even came!

2 Vocabulary Adjectives

Replace the <u>underlined</u> adjectives in the text with a more interesting one from this list.

beautiful amazing ancient large

1 ancient 2 beautiful 3 Jarge 4 amazing

- 3 Read the text again and answer the questions.
  - 1 Where are the Pyramids? In the north east of Egypt (Giza)
  - 2 What was put inside the tombs? Jewels and treasures
- 3 What was painted on the walls? nice pictures
- 4 How can you travel to the Pyramids? by Car Coach or Camels

### Lesson 8

- 1 Talk about a famous place you have visited.
  - · When did you go there? Who did you go with? Where is it?
  - · Talk about the historical facts.
  - · Give information about travel.
  - · What is your opinion of this place? What did you like about it?

### Lesson 9 The old woman who lived in a shoe

1 Write about a time when you were a caring person. What did you do?

I am shahed I am a caring Person.

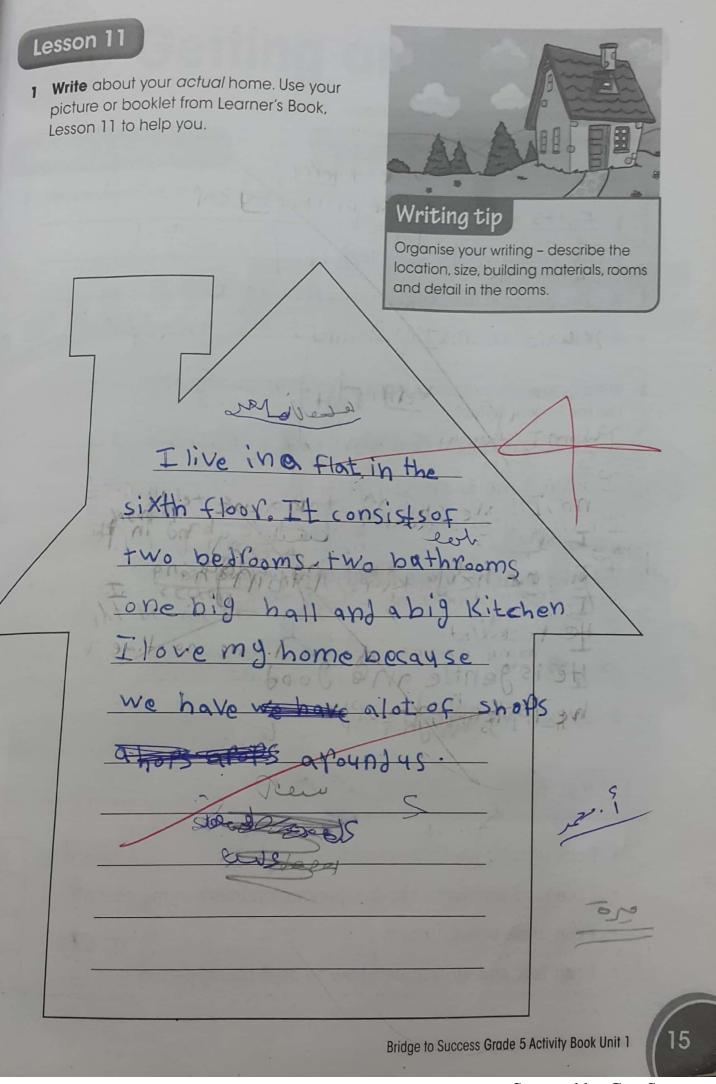
Yesterdey I stayed at home alone with my
bady sister wes very Kind with her I looked
after I fed her I Played with her Trace for

her I read factor anice story

la lest

### Writing tip

Remember to check your punctuation. Have you used capital letters and full stops?



### **Lesson 12** My learning Can you remember? Use the adjectives to write sentences: ancient long beautiful amazing Forts are very ancier The building is very lor The butter has bookstyl appearance 4 your are an amazing studen 2 Write three sentences about places or countries you have visited. Use the Present Perfect. have visited Al-Ain I have gone to museym Phave Visiter Pafis Paris Write three qualities that would make you a caring person. Compare with your partner. Do you agree? Look what I can do! I can identify world landmarks. I can read and write about a famous landmark in my country. I can understand a poem. I can talk and write about how to be a caring person. 16 Bridge to Success Grade 5 Activity Book Unit 1



# Getting around

### Lesson 1 Transport

1 Vocabulary Look at the pictures and label them.

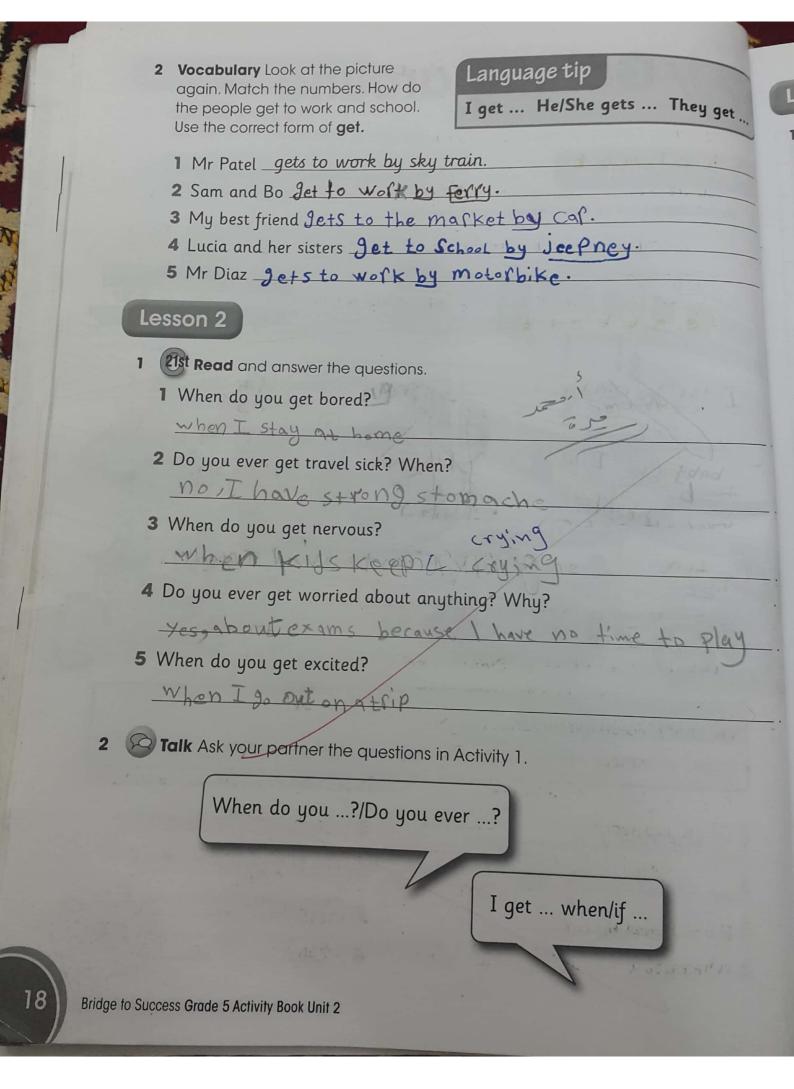


### Words to remember

tram rickshaw ferry car sky train motorbike jeepney tuk tuk

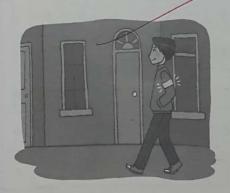
- sky train
- 2 Ferry
- 3 rickshaw
- 4 Jeefley

- 5 tram
- 6 motorbike
- 7 taktak
  - 8 Car



### Lesson 3 Staying safe on the road

- 1 Vocabulary Read the definitions of safety items and write the words.
  - 1 You wear this to protect your head when you are cycling. helmet
  - 2 You wear these when you are walking in the dark to help drivers to see you. <u>leflective almbands</u>
  - 3 You use this to help you cross the road safely. It makes cars stop and wait. pedest ran clossing
  - 4 You wear this in the car to help you sit safely in your seat. seatbelt







### Lesson 4

### Language tip

If/When + Present Simple + Present Simple.

- 1 Word study Match the sentence halves.
  - 1 Wear a helmet
  - 2 If you go out when it's dark,
  - 3 When you want to cross a busy road,
  - 4 If you can't find a pedestrian crossing duse a pedestrian crossing.
  - 5 When you cross the road, don't
  - 6 If you travel by car
  - 7 When you are near big lorries, don't g when you ride your bike.

- a cross at a corner.
- **b** find a quiet part of the road.
- c wear a seatbelt.
- wear reflective armbands.
- f stand too close.

### Lesson 5 Getting around big cities

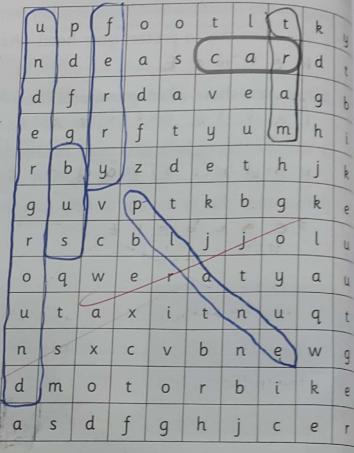
1 Vocabulary Ways of travelling Find and circle ten forms of transport. Write the words below.

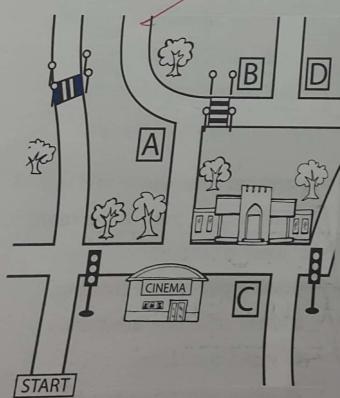
Transport I have used before:

Transport I use a lot:

Transport I never use:

2 Read the instructions and draw the route on the map. Which building, A, B, C or D, is the swimming pool?





Start at the box on the bottom left of the map. From here, go straight on towards the traffic lights and turn right. Walk towards the cinema on the right side of the road. Then turn left and walk up that street. After that, turn right at the first corner. Walk up that street and then turn left. The entrance to the swimming pool is on the left.

Swimming pool = \_\_\_\_\_

## Preposition of directions

25-10-2016

### Use of English

Prepositions of direction

From here you can ... Walk across/up the road/street ...

Go out of the door ... Walk towards the post office/pier ...

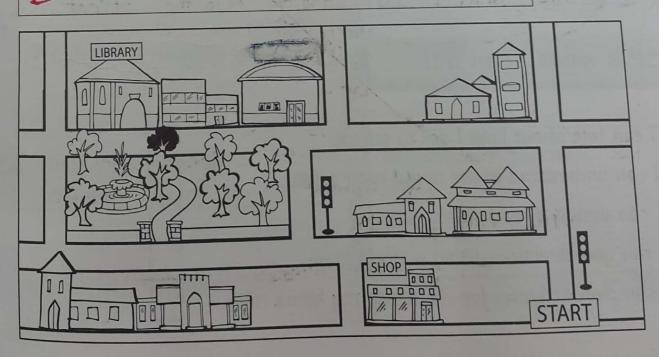
On the left/right ... The entrance to the underground/museum ...

1 Use of English Look at the map and complete the instructions for getting to the library.

Start at the box on the bottom 1 \_\_\_\_\_\_ right\_\_ of the map. 2 \_\_\_\_\_ here walk straight up the road and turn left at the traffic lights. Continue walking up that road 3 \_\_\_\_\_\_ the shop. Turn 4 \_\_\_\_\_ that street.

Turn 6 \_\_\_\_\_ at the first junction – the park is on the left. The entrance 7 \_\_\_\_\_\_ the library is \_\_\_\_\_\_ the library is

on the right
right
to
left
From
right
towards



Lesson	7	Му	learning

25-10-2016

1 Can you remember? Name three ways of getting to school and give one good one bad point about each one.

How to get to school	Good point	Bad point
FINTAKE	Faster than	hot
by S	bigger	noisy and
Car	Vely fast	small.

- Write five sentences to explain how you can stay safe when you are out. Compare your sentences with your partner.
  - 1 I always Hear reflective hand in the dark
  - 2 I glway Wse pedistrian crossing
  - 3 I gludge were My seat belt
  - 4 I always wear a helmet
  - 5 Talvoy stand for away from the street

### Look what I can do!

- · I can talk about how I get to school.
- I can understand issues about road safety.
- I can design a road safety sign.
- I can give directions using a street map.
- · I can plan activities for visitors to my home town.

Lesson 10 Lost in the Desert

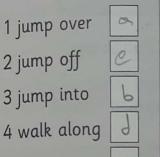
### Use of English

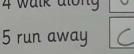
### **Prepositions**

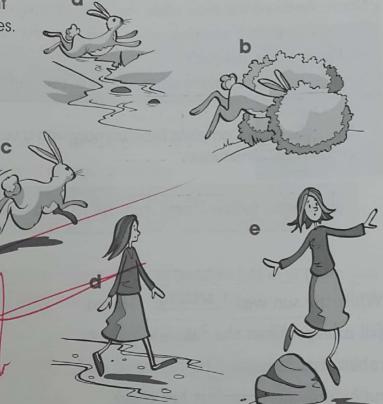
prepositions show the direction of the action or how it is done.

She jumped off the rock. The rabbit jumped into some bushes.

1 Vocabulary Verbs of movement Match the verbs with the pictures. Read the story again to check.







2 Pronunciation -ed verb endings

Read the sentences and underline the verbs. Write /t/, /d/ or /ɪd/

- 1 Noora lived in a tent.
- 2 Noora jumped off the rock.
- 3 She started to cry when she saw the snake.
- 4 She looked up and noticed the bees.
- 5 She watched the rabbit run away.

#### Lesson 11

### Use of English

### Past Continuous - interrupted actions

We use the Past Continuous to talk about something happening at the same time as another action in the past. One action interrupts the other action.

She was walking along when she saw something move. continuous action short action

Noora **noticed** the bees while she **was sitting** under the tree. The girls **weren't playing** when they **saw** the rabbit — they **were walking** along the path.

What was Noora doing when she saw the rabbit?

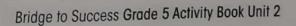
1 Use of English Complete the summary with a verb in the Past Simple or the Past Continuous.

wake up follow set run off stand see

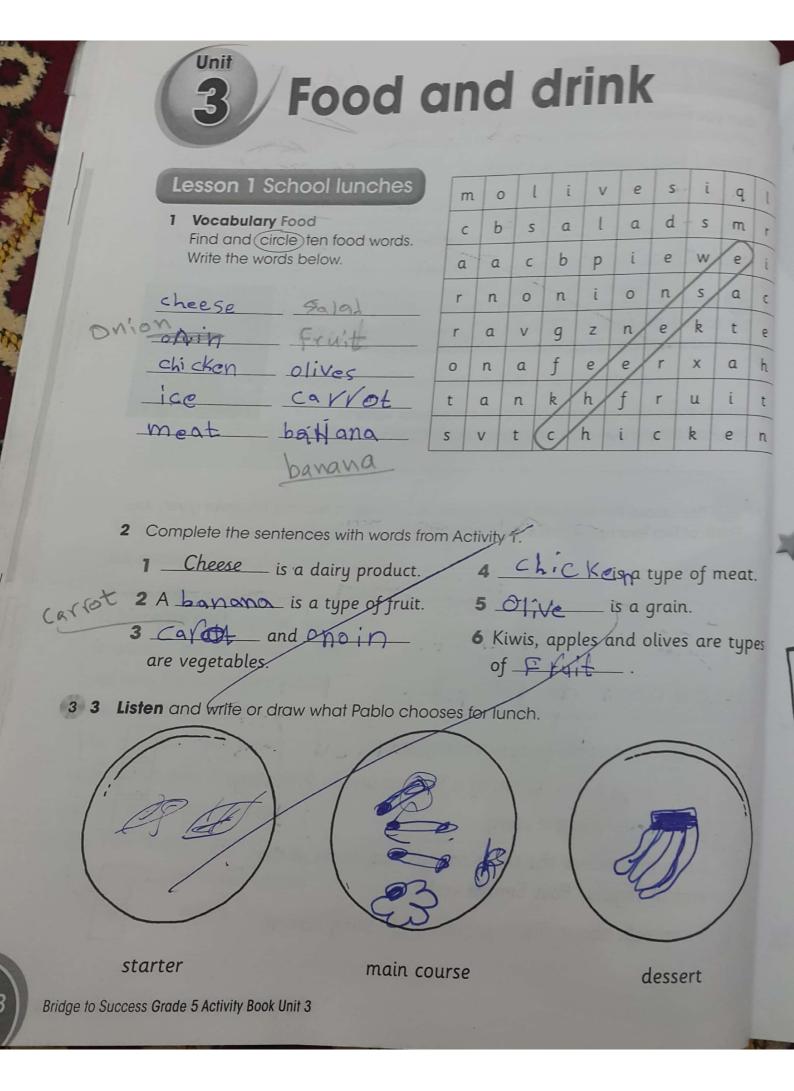
While the sun was 1 setting, Noora fell asleep. When she 2 worke whither the rabbit was 3 standing by her head and rubbing its nose against her cheek.

It wanted her to follow it. While she was 4 wing the rabbit, she heard her father's voice.

She 5 saw her father and ran to him. Noora said sorry for leaving the path and they hugged each other. As Noora was hugging her father, the rabbit 6 ran of 1



	sson 12 My learning
1	Can you remember? Write three things that happened while you were travelling to school today. Remember to use the Past Continuous.
	While I was travelling to school, I saw my friend.
	While I was Studing, my Father came
	while I was studing my baby brothe cried.
	while I was sleeping I heard a noise
2	What can you remember about the life of Prince Sultan bin Abdullah? Discuss with your partner. Look back at page 29 of the Learner's Book and check.
3	Which three sounds come at the end of regular verbs in the Past Simple? Give an example of each type.
	Talk about the best pieces of advice your family or teacher has ever given you.
The state of the s	Think of two examples and wir's them down.
	Think of two examples and wir e them down.  Ook what I can do!
L	Think of two examples and wite them down.
L	I can make notes from a reading text.
L	I can make notes from a reading text.  I can write a description of a famous person in history.
L	I can make notes from a reading text.
L	I can make notes from a reading text.  I can write a description of a famous person in history.  I can understand a story.
L	I can make notes from a reading text.  I can write a description of a famous person in history.  I can understand a story.  I can pronounce the three sounds that come at the



Lesson 2

Read and listen Complete the dialogue with some or any. Then listen and check.

Hi, Pablo, what did you have for Ali:

lunch today?

pablo: I had 1 some pasta.

Were there 2 and vegetables in the pasta? Ali:

Pablo: Yes, there were and there was 3\_some melted cheese too.

Hmm, delicious! What about the main course? Ali:

Pablo: There wasn't 4\_any pizza today, so I had fish instead.

What about dessert? I didn't see  $\frac{5}{50me}$  ice cream on the menu Ali:

Language detective

When do we use these

any

words?

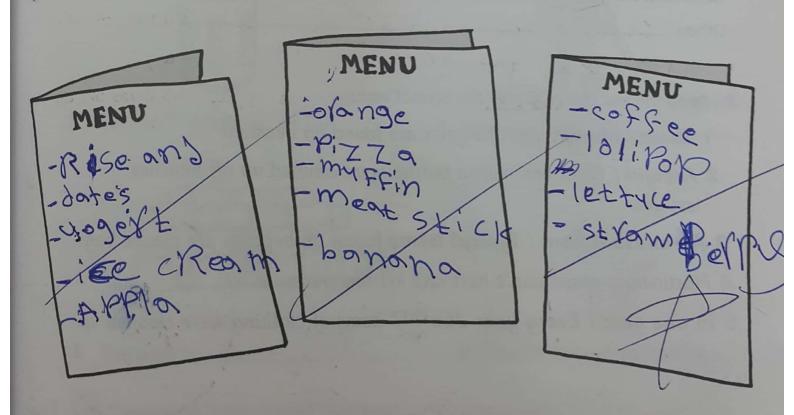
some

today and it's my favourite!

Pablo: You're right — there wasn't. I'm not keen on pears, so I had

6 some apple pie.

2 Challenge Design and write your favourite menu.



1 Use of English Complete the sentences with made of or made from and choose from the words below. You can use the words more than once.

metal plastic stone wood a can a bottle

### Language detective

When do we use made of and made from? Can you give examples?





1 The bag is plastic



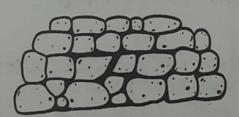
2 The door is



3 The pencil holder is



4 The keys are



5 The wall is stone



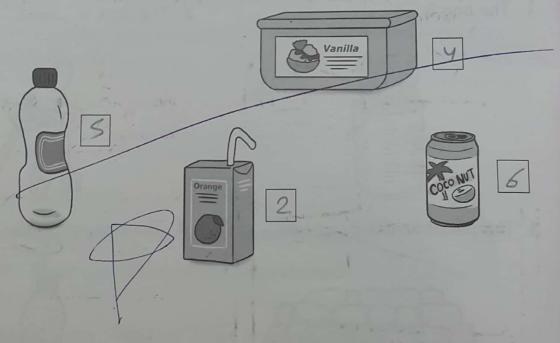
6 The bird feeder is a bottle

2 Challenge Think of your own idea for recycling a plastic bottle. Draw and describe your design.

### Lesson 5 Party food

- 1 Vocabulary Circle the correct words.
  - 1 A packet tub of nuts.
- 4 A carton | packet of milk.
- 2 A can / bottle of water. 5 A can / carton of coconut water.
- 3 A tub / loaf of bread. 6 A loaf packet of cheese.
- 2 Vocabulary Match the words with the pictures.
  - 1 loaf
  - 2 carton
  - 3 packet
  - 4 tub
  - 5 bottle
  - 6 can





- 3 Write Complete the sentences with a food or drink item of your choice.
  - 1 A packet of NULS. 4 A carton of Juice
  - 2 A tub of Vanilla. 5 A can of COCO NUL
  - 3 A bottle of water. 6 A loaf of blead

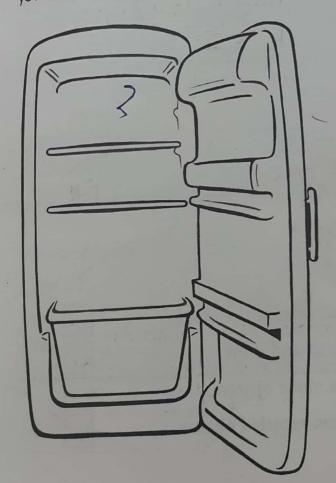
use of English Look at the picture and complete the sentences.

many much a lot of plenty of a little a few



- 1 There are <u>a lot of</u> sweets in the bowl.
- 2 There aren't sandwiches left.
- 3 There's Water left.
- 4 There's penty of
- 5 There isn't a Few pizza left.
- 6 There are \_\_\_\_\_ chips left.

**Challenge** Draw items of food in the fridge and write about the food you have drawn.



The are many fritats
and regetables, there is
a correct milk and aloaf
are toread and
a carton of orange
inice

### Lesson 7 My learning

1 Can you remember?

Write four sentences about food. Each sentence must use one of the quantifiers below

many much a little a few a lot of plenty of

- 1 Thek is many apples on the table
- 2 There is much of sugar
- 3 There is a slattle of all
  - 4 Thele is a poor oranges
  - 5 There are a Tot of candies
- 2 Imagine you are buying food for a special family occasion. What food would you buy? Write at least four items and include quantities.

My shopping list

The many Birthdoy cakes

Plenty of ice cream

Toy or Few cartons of dyice

some/callots

### Look what I can do!

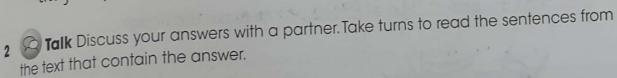
- I can talk about what children eat around the globe.
- I can write about quantities of food and drink.
- I can talk about what objects are made of/from.
- I can design a sculpture made from recycled objects.



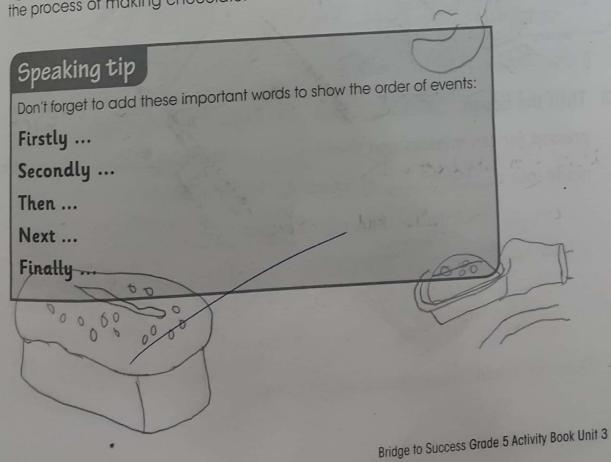
# Lesson 8 All about chocolate

1 Read Look again at the text on page 44 of the Learner's Book. Read and decide if the sentences are true (T) or false (F).

- 1 The beans grow in hot countries.
- 2 The beans are farmed once a year.
- 3 The workers climb the trees to cut down the pods.
- 4 After the shells are cracked, the beans are cooked.
- 5 They add sugar to the mixture, to make it sweet.
- 6 When the mixture is hot, we have the final product.



3 Talk Now work with your group and talk about what you can remember about the process of making chocolate.



#### Lesson 9

Look at the pictures showing how bread is made. Complete the sentences with 1 Write words from the box. You will need to change the form of the verbs.

yeast	salt	push	add
cook	mix	loaf	nuts



Bread is made from flour, water, salt and yeart.



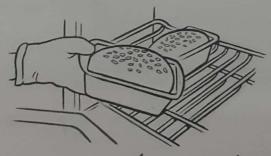
2 First, the ingredients mix to make the dough.



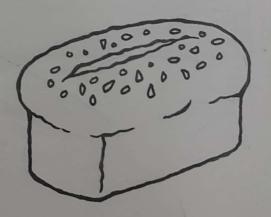
3 Then the dough Push and 4 Extra ingredients such as MV fs pressed for ten minutes and then made into a \_\_\_\_\_ of bread.

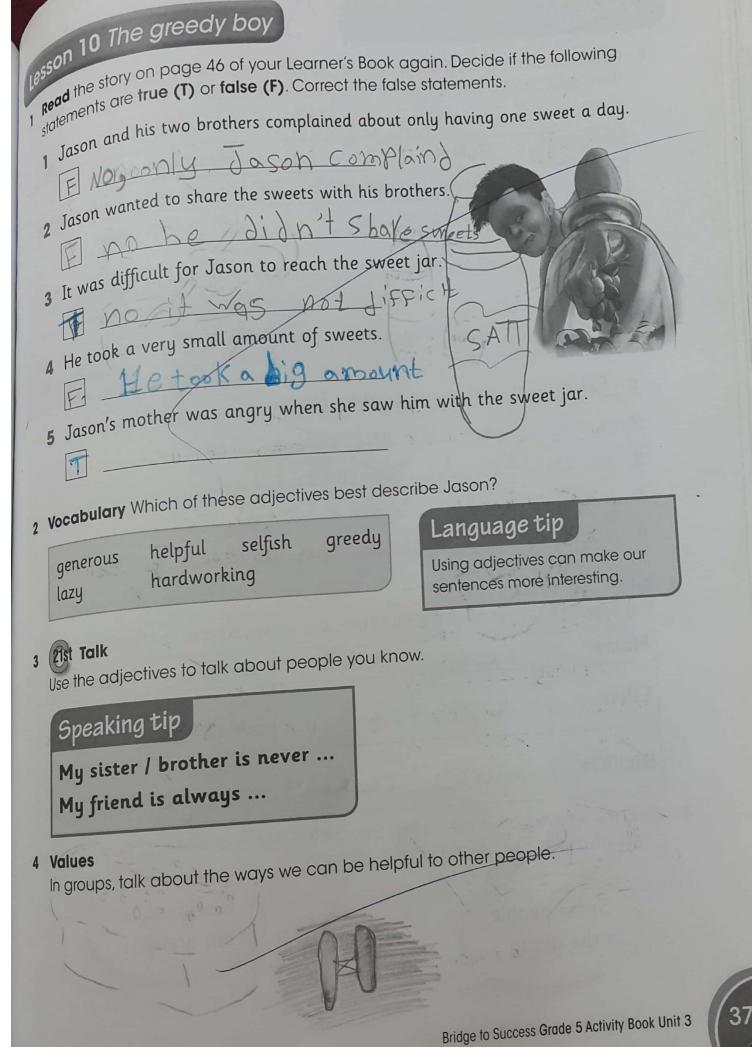


and seeds Added to give the bread more flavour.



5 Then the bread is cooked in the oven.





#### Lesson 11 Likes and dislikes

1 Read Faisal and Hamid's class will be going on a school trip next term. They have been discussing what food they like and dislike.

Read the table below. Discuss what is similar and what is different.

ansigi	Faisal	Hamid	
Likes	cheese, oranges, chicken, fish	cheese, eggs, lamb, chicken	
Dislikes		fish, oranges, olives	

2 Write two sentences to show where Faisal and Hamid agree and two where they disagree.

and so does

but ... doesn't

Writing tip

Remember to use the linkers and and but

- Faisal likes cheese and so does Hamid,
- 2 Faisal likes chicke and so loes Hamil
- 3 Faisal likes Fish by Hamid doesn't like
- 4 Hamidlikes eggs brifaisal doe sitile
- 5 Hamid likes and so does faisal
- 3 Talk

In groups of four, complete the table below to show your likes and dislikes.

Name	Meera	sava	Regmas	Reem
Likes	0 4995	Fish	apples	chicken
Dislikes	rolives	chicken	ovangen	Fish

4 Using the information in the table, compare the likes and dislikes of people in your group. What is the same and what is different?

Some people in the group ...

Nobody in the group ...

Everybody in the group ...

# lesson 12 My learning

-11-dol6

Can you remember? can you remember about the process of making bread?

What can your partner. Discuss with your partner. Discuss Will Page 36 of your Activity Book. Did you miss anything out?



- Talk Can you remember the story about The greedy boy? What happened? What was the lesson that he learned from his behaviour?
- 3 Vocabulary What do the following adjectives mean? Write definitions.

areedu:	
areeau	i

2 selfish: caring only about himself

3 generous: unsellish

4 helpful: \_

willing to help

### Look what I can do!

- I can understand the processes of basic food production.
- I can use the Present Simple Passive form of verbs to describe processes.
- · I can read and understand a short story.
- · I can use vocabulary for agreeing and disagreeing.